

ESTABLISHED AUGUST 24, 1852.

Harrison



ON TO WASHINGTON, D. C.

Over the Prairies and the Mountains to the White House.

GALLANT YOUNG TIPPECANOE

Makes Cleveland Walk the Martin Van Buren Plank.

OUR PROTECTION DID IT.

American Voters for America Against the World.

OUR SAME OLD COON

Feasts on the Free Trade Rooster and Gets Fat and Saucy.



HE SMILES A TEN-ACRE SMILE

To Think of the Noble Procession of Free Traders Who Will Have to Hunt Grass.

HE WILL SURELY HEAD

The Parade of Retiring Postmasters, United States Marshals and the Rest.

HIS LORDSHIP 'SACKVILLE

Helped Cleveland Some Himself and this is What Comes of It.

FOUR YEARS OF DEMOCRACY

And Texan Statesmen About as Much as American Patriotism Will Stand.

New York, Indiana, Connecticut, Michigan and Probably West Virginia.

Nearly a Solid North and a Slice off the Solid South Has Rebuked the Free Trade Administration.

It is our way. This is why we rejoice and are exceeding glad. It is almost too good to be true, but the returns show it and we can't be behind the returns when the returns are so full of comfort.

New York is ours. The Presidency is ours. Harrison, a chip of old block, will take the seat of Grover the Faithless. Protection politics shows Free Trade the door and takes possession of the White House to remain there as long as the Republican party shall give the people satisfaction.

This splendid result has been accomplished by the Protectionist sentiment of the country. The people have rebuked the effort to hand them over, backed and gagged, to the capital and the labor of the old world. The people have declared in favor of their own country before all others. They have rebuked the British policy of President Cleveland and his party, and we shall be much mistaken if along with a Republican President they have not elected a Republican House and secured Republican supremacy in the Senate.

It is a magnificent triumph over some very great odds, but that makes it all the sweeter to the taste. It is a record of victory Republicans must not forget that in the accomplishment of this handsome result they have had the valuable assistance of Protectionist Democrats. They must not forget that the

victor can always afford to be magnanimous. While they celebrate the glorious victory let them not forget to be kind and courteous to the fallen foe. Nothing is to be gained by adding offense to defeat.

THIS SETTLES IT.  
New York Sure Republican—Gen. Harrison Notified by the National Committee. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

New York, Nov. 6.—The Republican managers at National headquarters are at this hour more confident than ever that Harrison has carried New York State. An official bulletin has just been sent to Gen. Harrison by Chairman Quay stating that the Republicans have carried the State of New York by at least twelve thousand plurality. c. n.

From Matt Quay.  
New York, November 6.  
W. J. W. Cowden, Wheeling;  
We have New York. M. S. QUAY.  
J. S. FARRITT.

EXPECT A BIG SWEEP.  
Reports From Republican Headquarters in New York at 10:30.  
Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

New York, Nov. 6, 10:30 p. m.—It was just stated at the Republican headquarters that outside estimates place Cleveland's plurality at about 73,000 below the Harlem river. The Republicans calculate now on 97,000 above the river. The figures, however, are scattering. Mr. John W. Wadsworth, of Philadelphia, is now in the city, and now figures 60,000 in New York and Brooklyn for Cleveland. Late returns from Brooklyn place the majority in that city at 14,000 for Cleveland.

The New York Sun Concedes It.  
New York, Nov. 6.—A midnight extra of the Sun says: "The returns so far received make it seem probable that Harrison has carried New York State by some 7,000 to 10,000 plurality, his plurality being not far from 54,000, but he has not held his own in Kings county."

The bulletins read to the thousands in front of the INTELLIGENCER office last night, in the order published:

New York, Oct. 6.—Sixty-five election districts in New York State, outside of New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 10,327; Harrison 13,320; Fisk, 688. Same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 11,676; Blaine 13,473; St. John 674.

One hundred and twenty districts out of 375 election districts in Brooklyn give Cleveland 26,357; Harrison 20,970; Fisk 324.

Nine election districts in New York State, outside New York and Kings counties, give Hill 894; Jones 111; Miller 185. Same districts in 1884 gave Hill 775; Davenport 1,465; Bascom 106.

Seventy-three election districts in New York State, outside of New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 11,175; Harrison 15,022; Fisk 700. Same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 12,414; Blaine 15,130; St. John 783.

The seven election districts of the town of Ithaca complete give Cleveland 31 plurality against 27 in 1884. The Twentieth Assembly district gives Harrison 3,665; Cleveland 7,064; Fisk 35; Cowdry 62. In 1884 the same district gave Cleveland 6,020; Blaine 3,334; St. John 8.

220 districts out of 375 election districts in Brooklyn give Cleveland 48,394; Harrison 38,585; Fisk 544; Streeter 57. One hundred and forty-three election districts in New York State, outside New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 24,640; Harrison 32,713; Fisk 1,614. Same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 25,935; Blaine 31,512; St. John 1,583.

Fifty election districts in New York State, outside of New York and Kings counties, give Hill 7,520; Jones 512; Miller 10,600. Same districts in 1884 gave Hill 6,414; Davenport 8,733; Bascom 455.

Two hundred and forty districts out of 375 election districts in Brooklyn give Cleveland 52,225; Harrison 42,455; Fisk 613. The Tenth ward complete gives Cleveland 4,256; Harrison 2,240.

GROVER'S OWN COUNTY.  
Forty-two election districts in Erie county show a Republican majority of 1,571.

One hundred and two election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings counties give Hill 10,881; Jones 12,908; Miller 21,744. Same districts in 1884 gave Davenport 18,101; Hill 13,898; Bascom 1,329.

Two hundred election districts in New York State, outside of New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 34,307; Harrison 40,610; Fisk 238. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 34,650; Blaine 43,901; St. John 2,282.

The Eleventh assembly district complete: Harrison, 3,817; Cleveland, 3,945; Fisk, 35; Cowdry, 62. In 1884 the same district gave Cleveland 3,342; Blaine 3,567; St. John 35.

The Fourteenth assembly district complete: Harrison, 2,345; Cleveland, 4,731; Fisk, 65; Cowdry, 125.

Three hundred districts out of 375 election districts in Brooklyn give Cleveland 62,730; Harrison 54,235; Fisk 818.

One hundred and seventy-five election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings counties give Cleveland 30,420; Harrison 40,078; Fisk 2,106. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 30,947; Blaine 38,462; St. John 2,890.

Harrison's majority in Utica will be over 200.

Two hundred and fifty-one election districts in New York State, outside of New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 43,434; Harrison 50,545; Fisk 3,187. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 45,021; Blaine 55,700; St. John 2,890.

New Utrecht complete gives Cleveland 837; Harrison 411.

The Second ward complete gives Cleveland 1,201; Harrison 430. The First ward complete gives Cleveland 2,341; Harrison 2,032. The Sixth ward complete gives Cleveland 4,964; Harrison 2,078.

The Sun bulletin says 400 election districts out of 56 in this city indicate 65,000 plurality for Hill in the city.

majority of 3,255, a gain of 1,630 over Blaine in 1884.

The Republican majority in Watertown is 286. The Republicans carried every district in the city the first time in many years. The county will give a Republican majority of about 2,400.

Republicans estimate Harrison's majority Saratoga county at 1,800.

Forty-one towns, including no cities, gives a net Republican gain of 780. Seven towns of Erie county give Cleveland 2,427; Harrison 3,342; a Democratic gain of 101 over 1884.

Harrison's plurality in Cayuga county is 2,400, a Republican gain of 231. Two hundred and eighty-eight districts in the State, outside of New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 49,601; Harrison 68,458; Fisk 3,045. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 49,159; Blaine 63,948; St. John 3,314.

Three hundred and fifty districts out of 375 election districts in Brooklyn give Cleveland 74,048; Harrison 63,221; Fisk 940; Streeter 96. The Thirteenth ward complete gives Cleveland 2,308; Harrison 2,580. The Fourth ward complete gives Cleveland 1,681; Harrison 1,424.

Eight out of the thirteen wards of Buffalo give Cleveland 9,455 and Harrison 6,054, a Democratic gain of 314 over 1884.

Eleven city complete gives Cleveland a plurality of 311, a Democratic gain of 1,051 over 1884. Hill has a plurality of 665.

Harrison's plurality in Jefferson county is estimated at 2,350, a Republican gain of 400.

Three hundred and twenty-six election districts in New York State, outside of New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 56,725; Harrison 75,323; Fisk 4,092. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 55,080; Blaine 69,813; St. John 3,796.

Eight hundred and twenty out of 856 election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings counties give Harrison 90,940; Cleveland 154,099; Fisk 1,151.

Complete returns from Oswego, St. Lawrence county, give Harrison a majority of 48, against 304 in 1884, a Democratic gain of 256.

Three hundred and seventy districts out of 375 election districts in Brooklyn give Cleveland 78,578; Harrison 60,890; Fisk 1,005; Streeter 103. The Eleventh ward complete gives Cleveland 2,719; Harrison 2,347. The Seventh ward complete gives Cleveland 3,864; Harrison 3,951.

The total number of districts, 375, in Brooklyn, complete, gives Cleveland 79,739; Harrison 68,107; Fisk 1,005; Streeter 103.

Three hundred and ninety-six districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 68,081; Harrison 91,510; Fisk 5,201. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 66,137; Blaine 85,870; St. John 4,720.

429 election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings counties give Cleveland 74,807; Harrison 98,172; Fisk 5,223. Same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 72,108; Blaine 89,991; St. John 5,020.

Four hundred and four election districts in New York State, outside of New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 84,435; Harrison 110,151; Fisk 6,222. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 80,901; Blaine 100,978; St. John 5,570.

Kings county complete gives Cleveland 83,447; Harrison 107,707; Fisk 1,035. In 1884 it gave Cleveland 67,057; Blaine 82,360; St. John 1,336.

Eight hundred and thirty out of eight hundred and fifty-six districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings counties give Cleveland 158,807; Fisk 1,207.

Six hundred and ninety-one election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings counties give Cleveland 125,027; Harrison 158,933.

Buffalo city complete returns: Harrison 23,320; Cleveland 21,811; Republican majority 1,509, a gain of 450 over 1884.

Five hundred and forty-nine election districts in New York State, outside of New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 151,392; Harrison 189,740; Fisk 6,941. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 90,209; Blaine 113,124; St. John 6,120.

Twenty election districts in Fulton county give Cleveland 4,535; Harrison 4,832. The same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 3,118; Blaine 4,212. The districts not yet heard from in 1884 gave Cleveland 602; Blaine 603.

Eight hundred and fifty out of 856 districts in this city give Harrison 105,181; Cleveland 161,765; Fisk 1,291; Cowdry 1,567; Cleveland's plurality 56,984.

Seven hundred and thirty-one election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 133,308; Harrison 108,039; Fisk 5,061. Same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 125,034; Blaine 152,690; St. John 7,021.

Seven hundred and seventeen election districts in the State, outside of New York and Kings counties, give Cleveland 130,618; Harrison 104,758; Fisk 7,967. Same districts in 1884 gave Cleveland 123,267; Blaine 147,945; St. John 7,550.

HOW IT WAS DONE.  
The Voting in New York—Rain Did Very Little Harm.

New York, Nov. 6, 9 a. m.—In this city a light rain is falling, but the chances are that it will clear up before noon. There are great crowds at the polls, but everything is progressing quietly.

At 10:15 the clouds had cleared away and the sun was shining. The election is a close thing, but the returns are not as yet being reported. Charges of treachery and "knifing" are being freely made by both Tammany and the opposition. The charges are being promptly denied by the leaders of the factions.

The political workers were at the polls early, and by 9 o'clock a large number of votes had been cast. Promptly at 9 o'clock the polling places were opened. All the banks and mercantile houses, together with the public offices, are closed. The polls are being kept open until 9 o'clock. The election is a novel plan was adopted by the Democrats and Republicans. Banners and bell ringers were sent through the election precincts before the polls opened to wake the people up.



Fattened on Democratic Rooster.

everything progressing to the satisfaction of Democratic managers. In Brooklyn, also, the attendance up to 9 o'clock is unusually large.

11:30 a. m.—Quite a number of arrests have been made for various causes; some were held for trial, while others were discharged. Coogan, for Mayor, is running strongly in the labor district. The County Democratic adherents claim that Abram S. Hewitt, their candidate for Mayor, is polling a larger vote than he did when he was elected two years ago.

Onondaga county gives Cleveland 14,724; Harrison 20,300.

Albany county, with seven towns estimated, gives Harrison 3,300.

Rensselaer county, with about one-third of the districts estimated, gives Harrison 700.

Seven hundred and eighty-six election districts in New York State outside of New York and Kings counties give Cleveland 28,178; Butler 6,367; St. John 2,801. These towns give Ames 47,063; Russell 33,687; Earle 2,914. Republican plurality 13,374.

The Presidential vote of Boston complete gives Harrison 27,312; Cleveland 30,150.

One hundred and eighty towns give for Harrison 78,194; Cleveland 54,775; Fisk 3,879. Same towns in 1884 gave Blaine 60,662; Cleveland 45,643; Butler 9,018; St. John 4,122.

Massachusetts' Majority.  
BOSTON, MASS., Nov. 6.—The Republicans claim a plurality for Harrison in this State of 35,000. The Globe, Democratic, places the majority for Harrison at 30,000 to 32,000 and concedes the election of ten Republican Congressmen out of 12.

WISCONSIN.  
MILWAUKEE, Nov. 6.—10 p. m.—The returns are coming in very slowly, and it is impossible at this hour to give anything for the Republican Presidential and State nominees. The rumors current for the last few days that money would be introduced the day of election to carry the State for Cleveland are now considered as idle talk. Senator Fair has not yet put in an appearance, and it comes from good reliable Democratic authority that he will not be in the State to-day. Democrats in this county will trade the Presidential electors and Congressmen for Sheriff and County Clerk, as they know they cannot win the head of the ticket. The Democrats claim nothing in this State for Cleveland.

INDIANA REPUBLICAN.  
Few Returns in, But Everybody Confident It Has Gone For Harrison.  
Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 6, 11:35 p. m.—Everybody is confident that Indiana is Republican. There are not returns enough in for any estimate.

INDIANA FOR HARRISON.  
The State Committee Claiming the State by 12,000—Large Republican Gains.  
INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 6.—In this State the ticket voted comprises Presidential electors and State and county candidates, over thirty names in all, and as no counting is done until after the polls closed, it will be late before any returns whatever are in. In the Republican State Central Committee rooms, as the probabilities of the vote in this county, General Harrison's home, it was the expressed opinion that the result was in doubt. As the vote in New York city came in some of the politicians were fearful that the majority below Harlem bridge would wipe out the Republican majority throughout the State, but the Syracuse gain revived their spirits and set the crowd cheering again. It was 8 o'clock before Chairman Huston came into the room, accompanied by a number of State candidates, leaving with him a quantity of dispatches received from county committeemen all over the State claiming Republican gains. To the Associated Press representative, who asked for his opinion of the State, he replied:

"At the present time the indications are favorable to the election of the anti-State ticket and choice of the Harrison and Morton electors."

"By what plurality?"

"As to that, I do not care at this hour to give any figures."

The Bulletin.  
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 6.—First return—one precinct in Franklin township, Marion county, shows a Republican gain of 17.

Private dispatches from a hundred points in Indiana to Chairman Huston up to 8:30 indicate satisfactory results for the entire Republican ticket. But these dispatches are only estimates and judgment of prominent local Republicans over the State.

On a total vote of 215, Wabash, Bartholomew county, gives a Republican gain of 12.

11 p. m.—For an hour or more there has been a season of gloom over the apartments occupied by the State Central Committee, which was only ended by the receipt of the New York Sun's telegram to its correspondent here that Cleveland had been defeated in the Empire State. Only a few of the braver spirits had maintained their faith in Republican success there.

Chairman Huston, to the Associated Press reporter, again asserted his belief that Indiana is reliably Republican. There can be nothing definite said respecting the Congressional delegation.

INDIANA HAVE.  
Precinct No. 4, in Centre township, Marion county, outside of the city, reports a Republican gain of 37. So far, a Republican gain of 64 is shown by the three precincts in the county that have been heard from. A report from Harrison county, Judge Gresham's home, says the Democratic majority has been reduced over 300, but no figures are furnished. Thirty precincts in Indiana show net Republican gains of 575. At this rate the plurality for the Republican ticket will be over 25,000. The Republican State Central Committee rooms now claim the State by 12,000.

Reports received by Chairman Huston show Republican gains in the following counties: Madison 231, Harrison 164, Hamilton (one town) 109, Morgan 132, Dearborn 200, Shelby 20, Vigo 280. Huston still claims the State for Harrison and Hovey.

A. M. M. Fifty precincts give Harrison 5,846; Cleveland 4,690. Same precincts in 1884 gave Blaine 5,556; Cleveland 4,470.

Two hundred and twenty precincts give Harrison 30,748; Cleveland 24,493. The same gave Blaine 27,888; Cleveland 23,055 in 1884.

Splendid Showing in Two Indiana Counties.  
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 6.—Clem Studebaker, of South Bend, candidate for elector, telegraphed Chairman Huston that St. Joseph county has gone Republican by 150 majority, a gain of over 600. Stark county reports a Democratic majority of 100, a Democratic loss of 173. At this writing the element of doubt is the prominent one in the situation.

AN OVATION TO HARRISON.  
The Scene at the Polls When He Voted To-day.  
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 6.—Toward 11 o'clock the rain ceased, and there are signs of clearing, but the atmosphere is damp and the streets sloppy.

Reports of many arrests are coming in, both sides swearing out warrants charging attempts to commit fraud.

At 10:30 there was a crowd of about one hundred standing around and waiting for the arrival of the anti-State ticket, were the citizens of the Third precinct of the Second ward vote. The rain had ceased shortly before two men, wearing all overcoats with collars turned up, walked quietly along Seventh street and entered the polling place. It was General Harrison and his son Russell. The distance from their residence to the polling place is some three and a half squares.

The chute being open when the General arrived, he walked up and in the quietest manner, headed in his ballot, as the inspector dropped the paper in the box he called out the name, "Benjamin Harrison," and the clerks responded "Number 236," signifying the number of ballots cast up to that hour. As this precinct only cast 302 votes in 1884 and 357 in 1880, it will be seen that over two-thirds of the vote was in to-day at half-past ten o'clock. Russell Harrison, nephew of the late Vice-President Hendricks, and W. C. Devay. After remaining about twenty minutes and chatting familiarly with a score or more of acquaintances present, the General and his son buttoned up their overcoats and walked back to the house. The General seemed in excellent spirits; if he felt any anxiety over this eventful day's work, not a shadow of it was manifest on his smiling countenance.

Around the General's residence everything is very quiet. No serious disturbances have been reported here, but there came near being a fight at the First precinct of the Fourth ward at 11 o'clock, when Chief Deputy Marshal Okey arrested a colored man named Gus Stewart, charging him with being an illegal voter. This is a strong colored precinct and there was a demand made by one of the colored bystanders to know the grounds of the charge against Stewart. He was supported by several others, who demanded to see the warrant, whereupon Chief Marshal Okey and his six deputies drew their revolvers, and, surrounding the laughing prisoner, carried him away.

As a Matter of Course.  
ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 6.—Indications are that Cleveland's majority in Georgia will be at least 25,000. A solid Democratic Congressional delegation is elected by from 3,000 to 6,000 majority.

ALABAMA STEELS TO HER IDEALS.  
MONTGOMERY, Nov. 6.—Scattering returns from all the districts are sufficient to show a solid Democratic delegation to Congress. Cleveland's majority will be as large as in 1884.

NEBRASKA IN LINE.  
OMAHA, NEB., Nov. 6.—Twenty precincts throughout the State give Harrison 28,285; Cleveland 1,033. Fisk 203. Same precincts in 1884 gave Blaine 2,171; Cleveland 1,326.

The State Republican Committee estimates the Republican majority in Nebraska at between 25,000 to 30,000. The Democratic committee concedes the State by 30,000. Republican majorities on Governor estimated by Democrats at 6,000 and Republicans 20,000.

NEVADA DEMOCRATS GIVE IT UP.  
CARSON, NEV., Nov. 6.—Two Chinamen are registered here, and voted to-day, one for Cleveland and one for Harrison. An attempt was made to have their names stricken from the list, but they were born in this country and are of lawful age, and the attempt failed. All indications point to a large majority

for the Republican Presidential and State nominees. The rumors current for the last few days that money would be introduced the day of election to carry the State for Cleveland are now considered as idle talk. Senator Fair has not yet put in an appearance, and it comes from good reliable Democratic authority that he will not be in the State to-day. Democrats in this county will trade the Presidential electors and Congressmen for Sheriff and County Clerk, as they know they cannot win the head of the ticket. The Democrats claim nothing in this State for Cleveland.

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